

The meaning of some of the terms you may come across in this consultation.

Term	What this means
Appliance	A heavy road vehicle that carries firefighters and firefighting equipment to a fire. Also known as a Fire Engine.
Call sign	Call signs are a way of identifying a vehicle or an individual usually with an identifying number.
CRMP	Community Risk Management Plan. Our CRMP sets out the key challenges and risks facing our communities and how we intend to meet and reduce them.
DCP	Day Crewing Plus (DCP) is a wholetime duty system that operates at Leamington, Stratford and Alcester Fire Stations. It utilises a team of 12 staff to provide 24-hour crewing of a fire appliance.
Detachment	A firefighter may be moved from their usual place of work (fire station) to another place of work (fire station) to improve crewing levels.
Grey Book	The Grey book covers the national pay and conditions for operational and control staff of local authority fire and rescue services.
Lower super output area (LSOA)	An LSOA is comprised of 1,500 people on average and is a geographic hierarchy designed to improve the reporting of small area statistics in England and Wales.
Make-Ups	'Making up' the numbers of staff or appliances so that they have sufficient numbers to respond to incidences safely.
Mean Average	The mean is the average of two or more numbers. See example: Incident 1 = 10 minutes Incident 2 = 9 minutes Incident 3 = 9 minutes Incident 4 = 11 minutes Incident 5 = 11 minutes Total minutes = 50 minutes / 5 incidents <b>Mean Average = 10 minutes</b>
On-Call Firefighters	Although not based on fire stations, they usually live or work in their local community and carry a pager, so when they get the call, they are ready to respond to any emergency.
ORH	Operational Research in Health (ORH) are an evidence-based consultancy company that specialises in the emergency service sector. <a href="#">Link to website</a>

Over Border (OB)	At times Warwickshire Fire and Rescue service may require assistance from other services outside of the county at incidents and this is known as Over Border.
P1 & P2	P1 (Highest Priority – Priority 1) Incidents that pose an immediate threat to life and property. P2 (Priority 2) Incidents that pose a serious hazard and high-risk threat to life and property.
Prevention	Educating people to help prevent fires and other emergency incidents from occurring.
Protection	Working to keep people safe in their workplaces. Identifying the premises that pose the greatest risk and effectively targeting our resources to protect the built environment.
Response	Ensuring we have the right resources to respond to emergencies as quickly and efficiently as possible.
Response Standards	How quickly Warwickshire Fire and Rescue Service aim to attend an incident.
Resourcing to Risk	'Resourcing to Risk' aims to have the right resource, in the right place, at the right time to keep our communities and people safe.
Standby	Readiness for duty or immediate response.
Surge Teams	There are times (data indicates 4 times every 5 years) when WFRS experiences a very large incident involving many fire appliances. The proposed surge teams will provide an ability to recall firefighters within specified time periods to make available additional fire appliances to meet this surge in activity. They can also provide resilience during times of high demand or spate conditions e.g. flooding.
Turn-In Time	The time an on-call firefighter has to respond to a fire station once an emergency call has been received.
Wholetime Firefighters	A full-time firefighter based on a station.